1.—Summary Statistics of Civil Aviation in Canada, 1937-42—concluded

| Item  | 1937                           | 1938                            | 1939                            | 1940                                 | 1941                           | 1942                            |
|---|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Licensed Civil Air Harbours Airports (all types)No.   | 158                            | 123                             | 124                             |                                      | 180                            | 177                             |
| Licensed Civil Aircraft   |                                |                                 |                                 |                                      |                                |                                 |
| Total Aircraft (all types)— Gross weight— Up to 2,000 lb. No. 2,001 - 4,000 lb. " 4,001-10,000 lb. " Over 10,000 lb. "                                    | 316<br>132<br>147<br>9         | 222<br>113 •<br>119<br>17       | 283<br>96<br>90<br>19           | 267<br>85<br>103<br>18               | 227<br>86<br>96<br>31          | 132<br>64<br>89<br>33           |
| Totals, Aircraft "  | 604                            | 471                             | 488                             | 473                                  | 440                            | 318                             |
| Ownership   |                                |                                 |                                 |                                      |                                |                                 |
| Commercial—         Vp to 2,000 lb         No           2,001 - 4,000 lb         "           4,001-10,000 lb         "           Over 10,000 lb         " | 111<br>95<br>127<br>9          | 98<br>86<br>94<br>17            | 100<br>66<br>78<br>19           | 109<br>61<br>80<br>18                | 109<br>58<br>71<br>30          | 75<br>46<br>61<br>32            |
| Other—  | 205<br>37<br>20<br>Nil         | 124<br>27<br>25<br>Nil          | 183<br>30<br>12<br>Nil          | 158<br>24<br>23<br>Nil               | 118<br>28<br>25<br>1           | 57<br>18<br>28<br>1             |
| Licensed Civil Air Personnel  |                                | 2                               |                                 |                                      |                                |                                 |
| Commercial pilots No Limited commercial pilots " Transport pilots " Private pilots " Air engineers "  | 320<br>129<br>73<br>635<br>595 | 226<br>165<br>130<br>734<br>643 | 166<br>191<br>147<br>795<br>722 | 1281<br>2491<br>1521<br>8251<br>8221 | 77<br>322<br>158<br>760<br>832 | 108<br>324<br>188<br>656<br>944 |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Revised since the publication of the 1942 Year Book. <sup>2</sup> Compiled upon a different basis from those of the Post Office shown at p. 651. <sup>3</sup> Figure not available for 1940.

## Subsection 2.—Ground Facilities

Early ground facilities for civil aviation in Canada consisted chiefly of municipal or flying-club airports adjacent to the larger urban centres, and of numerous terminals from which commercial flying services operated, mainly into the northern mining regions. A large air terminal was built at St. Hubert, seven miles south of Montreal, with immigration, customs and postal facilities available. These earlier airports formed the nucleus which, with many additions and improvements, became the chain of aerodromes constituting the Trans-Canada Air Lines. The development of this airway and the use and expansion of the ground facilities for military purposes since the outbreak of war have affected the status and facilities of many former municipal airports.